



Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Policy

Signed by

H. Bide

Headteacher

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Chair of Governors

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Version Control

Version	Page/ Section	Date of Amendment	Amended by	Summary of amendments
1.1	Page 3 - Introduction	07.11.22	MJ	Change of wording from 'minimal' to 'lesser' - They may be mild, requiring lesser support
1.1	Page 5 - Roles and Responsibilities	07.11.22	MJ	Change of SENDCo name - Mr M Johnston.
1.1	Page 5 - Roles and Responsibilities	07.11.22	MJ	Change of wording from 'the' to 'a' - acts as a link with parents
1.1	Page 5 - Roles and Responsibilities	07.11.22	MJ	Addition of 'Class Teacher' section
1.2	Page 10	27.11.23	HB	Added name of SEND governor

Contents

Introduction	4
Aims and Objectives	4
Educational Inclusion	4
Roles and Responsibilities	5
The Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENDCO):.....	5
The Role of the Class Teacher	6
The Role of the Governing Body	6
Allocation of resources	6
Assessment.....	7
The SEND Process	7
The process:.....	7
Placing children on our 'Initial Concerns' list.	8
Placing children on the school's SEND Provision Map.....	8
Individual Education Plans (IEPs)	8
Application for an Education, Health & Care (EHC) Plan	9
Partnership with parents	9
Monitoring and evaluation.....	9

Introduction

Children are considered to have special educational needs if they have significantly greater difficulty in learning than other children of the same age. Children's learning difficulties show themselves in a variety of ways. Some are temporary, others more permanent. They may be mild, requiring lesser support, but others may be serious, requiring more long-term intervention and greater support.

Under the [Equality Act 2010](#) you are disabled if you have a physical or mental impairment that has a 'substantial' and 'long-term' negative effect on your ability to do normal daily activities.

There are 4 primary areas of special educational needs:

- Communication and Interaction
- Cognition and Learning
- Social, Mental & Emotional Health
- Sensory and/or Physical development.

In this policy we detail how we aim to make provision for all such children at Osbournby.

Aims and Objectives

- To work in partnership with children and their families at every stage of the SEND process;
- to create an environment that meets the special educational needs of each child;
- to ensure that the special educational needs of children are identified, assessed and provided for;
- to make clear the expectations of all partners in the process;
- to identify the roles and responsibilities of staff in providing for children's special educational needs;
- to enable all children to have full access to all elements of the school curriculum

Educational Inclusion

We respect the fact that children:

- have different educational and behavioural needs and aspirations;
- require different strategies for learning;
- acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates;
- need a range of different teaching approaches and experiences.

Teachers respond to children's needs by:

- providing support for children who need help with communication and language;

- planning to develop children's understanding through the use of all available senses and experiences;
- planning for children's full participation in learning, and in physical and practical activities;
- helping children to manage their behaviour and to take part in learning effectively and safely;
- helping individuals to manage their emotions, particularly trauma or stress, and to take part in learning.

Support staff assist teachers in responding to children's needs by:

- sharing in the assessment of needs and planning of objectives;
- carrying out differentiated activities or programmes of work, with small groups or individuals, as specified by the teacher;
- using suitably modified resources or activities to help meet specific objectives.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Headteacher and Governing Body determine the school's general policy and resources allocation. The teaching staff are responsible for meeting the needs of pupils with SEN in their own class and liaise with the SENDCo, who co-ordinates SEN within the school. The SENDCo in turn keeps the Governing Body fully aware of SEND issues.

In this school the appointed SENDCo is Mr M Johnston.

The Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENDCO):

- manages the day-to-day operation of the policy; co-ordinates the provision for and manages the responses to children's special needs;
- supports and advises teachers and support staff;
- maintains the school's SEN register;
- contributes to and manages the records of all children with special educational needs;
- manages the school-based assessment and completes the documentation required by outside agencies and the LA;
- acts as the link with external agencies and other support agencies;
- acts as a link with parents;
- maintains resources and a range of teaching materials to enable appropriate provision to be made
- monitors and evaluates the special educational needs provision and reports to the governing body;
- manages a range of resources, human and material, linked to children with special educational needs.

The Role of the Class Teacher

Liaising with the SENCO to agree:

- which pupils in the class are vulnerable learners
- which pupils are underachieving and need to have short term additional interventions monitored on a 'vulnerable learners' provision map – but do not have special educational needs.
- which pupils require additional support because of a special educational need and need to go on the school's SEN list. Some of these pupils may require advice/support from an outside professional and, therefore, an Individual Education Plan to address a special educational need (this would include pupils with statements/EHC Plans)

Securing good provision and good outcomes for all groups of vulnerable learners by:

- providing differentiated teaching and learning opportunities, including differentiated work for any EAL pupils which reduces linguistic difficulty whilst maintaining cognitive challenge
- planning to address potential areas of difficulty and to remove barriers to pupil achievement. In many cases, such planning will mean that pupils with SEN and disabilities will be able to study the full national curriculum. (SEND Code of Practice 2015)

The Role of the Governing Body

Working within available resources, the Governing Body does its best to secure the necessary provision for any pupil identified as having special educational needs and/or disabilities.

The governors ensure that all teachers are aware of the importance of providing for these children. The Governing Body has decided that children with special educational needs will be admitted to the school in line with the Lincolnshire County Councils agreed admissions policy.

Allocation of resources

The Headteacher is responsible for the operational management of the specified and agreed resourcing for special needs provision within the school, including the provision for children with Education Health & Care Plans.

The Headteacher/SENDCo agrees with staff how to use funds directly related to needs and this is linked to the school improvement plan.

Assessment

- Early identification of special educational needs is vital. The class teacher informs the parents at the earliest opportunity to alert them to concerns and attempt to enlist their active help and participation.
- The class teacher and the SENDCo assess and monitor the children's progress in line with existing school practices.
- The SENDCo works closely with parents and teachers to plan an appropriate programme of intervention and support.
- The assessment of children reflects as far as possible their participation in the whole curriculum of the school. The class teacher and the SENDCo can break down the assessment into smaller steps in order to aid progress and provide detailed and accurate indicators.
- Where children are working below the level of the national curriculum and are not engaged in subject-specific study, the engagement model is used as a tool to celebrate progress and will form part of the assess-plan-do-review cycle.

The SEND Process

The process:

- Encourages the participation of pupils and their families;
- Integrates the work of education, health and care providers;
- Follows a cyclical, graduated approach.



The school uses the following graduated approach to respond to children's special educational needs:

Placing children on our 'Initial Concerns' list.

Where a pupils' attainment or progress is cause for concern teachers will share their concern with the child's parents and the SENDCo. The quality of teaching and learning these children receive will be monitored and they may be offered some additional support (through the school's Provision Mapping process). Their progress will be closely monitored.

Placing children on the school's SEND Provision Map

Where there is concern that 'everyday' quality first teaching is not enough to support a child's needs there is a discussion with relevant staff, parents/carers and the child as appropriate. If it is decided that additional provision is required, specific learning programmes (in addition to those usually on offer in the classroom) are drawn up. The provision is recorded on the school Provision Map and the child's progress is carefully monitored.

Individual Education Plans (IEPs)

If, despite receiving differentiated learning opportunities a child:

- makes little or no progress even when teaching approaches are targeted particularly in a child's identified area of weakness;
- shows signs of difficulty in developing English or mathematical skills, which result in poor attainment in some curriculum areas;
- presents persistent emotional or behavioural difficulties, which are not met by the behavioural management techniques usually employed in the school;
- has sensory or physical problems, and continues to make little or no progress despite the provision of specialist equipment;
- has communication and/or interaction difficulties, and continues to make little or no progress despite the provision of a differentiated curriculum;

there is often the need for greater involvement of external agencies e.g Working Together Team (Outreach), Educational Psychologists etc. Pupils will probably need a more individual intervention programme and these will be recorded on an Individual Education Plan.

Where schools seek the help of external support services, those services will need to see the child's records in order to establish which strategies have already been employed and which targets have been set and achieved. They can then advise on new and appropriate targets for the child's Individual Education Plan and on accompanying strategies. The targets set may require specialist assessment arrangements to measure the child's progress. If so, outside specialists, for example

Educational Psychologists may be required for this. The SENDCo will liaise with the Educational Psychologist making sure that the Child Psychology Service gives appropriate advice and support to both parents and colleagues.

The SENDCo, class teacher, and external specialists, should consider a range of different teaching approaches and appropriate equipment and teaching materials, including the use of information technology. The external specialist may act in an advisory capacity or provide additional specialist assessment or be involved in teaching the child directly. The delivery of the interventions recorded in the Individual Education Plan continues to be the responsibility of the class teacher.

Application for an Education, Health & Care (EHC) Plan

Where a child's needs are considerable and there is little progress following interventions and support from professional agencies the decision may be taken to request an EHC Plan. This process will involve presenting to County detailed records of our provision and its impact for their consideration. Parents and carers will be fully involved in the process and have the opportunity to contribute to the reports.

Partnership with parents

Our *School Information Report* can be found on the school website www.osbournby.lincs.sch.uk. The school prospectus also contains details of our policy for special educational needs, and the arrangements made for these children in our school. A named governor takes a special interest in special needs and is willing to talk to parents.

At all stages of the special needs process, the school keeps parents fully informed and involves both parents and pupils. We take account of the wishes, feelings and knowledge of pupils and parents at all stages. We encourage parents to make an active contribution to their child's education.

We have regular meetings to share progress with children and their parents/carers. We inform the parents of any outside intervention, and we share the process of decision-making by providing clear information relating to the education of children with special educational needs.

Monitoring and evaluation

- The SENDCo monitors the movement of children within the SEN system in school.
- The SENDCo provides staff and governors with regular summaries of the impact of the policy on the practice of the school.
- The SENDCo is involved in supporting teachers involved in drawing up the School Provision Map and Individual Education Plans for children.
- The SENDCo provides support for teachers implementing EHC plans.

- The named governor with responsibility for special needs is kept informed of developments.
- The Governing Body reviews implementation of the policy regularly.

SENDCo: Mr M Johnston

Appointed Governor: Mrs P Pedersen