

The Teaching of Reading

Intent

Through structured, systematic teaching of phonics, comprehension, vocabulary and etymology we strive for all children to be fluent, confident life-long readers with understanding of a range of genres and a love of reading.

At Osbournby Primary School, we believe that all our children can become fluent readers and writers. We teach reading through Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised, which is a systematic and synthetic phonics programme. We start teaching phonics in Nursery/Reception and follow the Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised progression, which ensures children build on their growing knowledge of the alphabetic code, mastering phonics to read and spell as they move through school.

As a result, all our children are able to tackle any unfamiliar words as they read. At Osbournby Primary School, we also model the application of the alphabetic code through phonics in shared reading and writing, both inside and outside of the phonics lesson and across the curriculum. We have a strong focus on language development for our children because we know that speaking and listening are crucial skills for reading and writing in all subjects.

At Osbournby Primary School, we value reading as a crucial life skill. By the time children leave us, they read confidently for meaning and regularly enjoy reading for pleasure. Our readers are equipped with the tools to tackle unfamiliar vocabulary. We encourage our children to see themselves as readers for both pleasure and purpose.

Implementation

- We teach phonics for 30 minutes a day. In Reception, we build from 10-minute lessons, with additional daily oral blending games, to the full-length lesson as quickly as possible. Each Friday, we review the week's teaching to help children become fluent readers.
- Children make a strong start in Reception: teaching begins in Week 2 of the Autumn term.
- We follow the Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised expectations of progress:
 - Children in Reception are taught to read and spell words using Phase 2 and 3 GPCs, and words with adjacent consonants (Phase 4) with fluency and accuracy.
 - Children in Year 1 review Phase 3 and 4 and are taught to read and spell words using Phase 5 GPCs with fluency and accuracy.

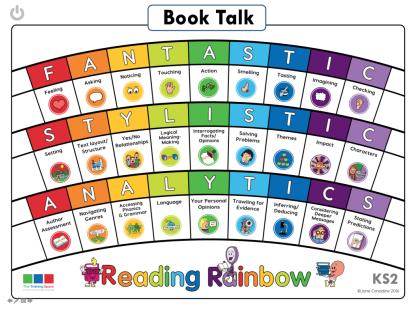
Daily Keep-up lessons ensure every child learns to read

• Any child who needs additional practice has daily Keep-up support, taught by a fully trained adult. Keep-up lessons match the structure of class teaching, and use the same procedures,

- resources and mantras, but in smaller steps with more repetition, so that every child secures their learning.
- We timetable daily phonics lessons for any child who is not fully fluent at reading or has not
 passed the Phonics screening check. These children urgently need to catch up, so the gap
 between themselves and their peers does not widen. We use the Little Wandle Letters and
 Sounds Revised assessments to identify the gaps in their phonic knowledge and teach to
 these using the Keep-up resources at pace.
- If any child in Year 3 to 6 has gaps in their phonic knowledge when reading or writing, we plan phonics 'catch-up' lessons to address specific reading/writing gaps. These short, sharp lessons last 10 minutes and take place at least three times a week.

Teaching reading: Reading practice sessions three times a week

- In Reception and year 1, we teach children to read through reading practice sessions three times a week. These:
 - o are taught by a fully trained adult to small groups of approximately six children
 - use books matched to the children's secure phonic knowledge using the Little
 Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised assessments and book matching grids on pages
 11–20 of 'Application of phonics to reading'
 - o are monitored by the class teacher, who rotates and works with each group on a regular basis.
- Each reading practice session has a clear focus, so that the demands of the session do not overload the children's working memory. The reading practice sessions have been designed to focus on three key reading skills:
 - decoding
 - o prosody: teaching children to read with understanding and expression
 - o comprehension: teaching children to understand the text.
- In Reception these sessions start in Week 4. Children who are not yet decoding have daily additional blending practice in small groups, so that they quickly learn to blend and can begin to read books.
- From Year 2 onwards, we use a combination of whole class and guided reading approach to encourage the use of discussion of rich texts. We utilise the reading rainbow to provide children with the vocabulary to be able to articulate their thinking around a book and then transfer this to different text that they read in the future.



Home reading

 The decodable reading practice book is taken home to ensure success is shared with the family.

- o Reading for pleasure books also go home for parents to share and read to children.
- We use the <u>Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised parents' resources</u> to engage our families and share information about phonics, the benefits of sharing books, how children learn to blend and other aspects of our provision, both online and through workshops.
- Once children are fully secure and have mastered phonics children are given a level through our STAR reader assessment and then able to choose a book based on their ZPD from our school library.

Additional reading support for vulnerable children

• Across the school, children who are not making enough progress in reading are prioritised for additional 1:1 reading with an adult.

Ensuring consistency and pace of progress

- Every teacher in our school has been trained to teach reading, so we have the same expectations of progress. We all use the same language, routines and resources to teach children to read so that we lower children's cognitive load.
- Weekly content grids map each element of new learning to each day, week and term for the duration of the programme.
- Lesson templates, Prompt cards and How to videos ensure teachers all have a consistent approach and structure for each lesson.
- The Reading Leader and SLT use the Audit and Prompt cards to regularly monitor and observe teaching; they use the summative data to identify children who need additional support and gaps in learning.

Ensuring reading for pleasure

'Reading for pleasure is the single most important indicator of a child's success.' (OECD 2002)

'The will influences the skill and vice versa.' (OECD 2010)

We value reading for pleasure highly and work hard as a school to grow our Reading for Pleasure pedagogy.

- We read to children every day. We choose these books carefully as we want children to
 experience a wide range of books, including books that reflect the children at Osbournby
 Primary School and our local community as well as books that open windows into other
 worlds and cultures.
- In Reception, children have access to the reading corner every day in their free flow time and the books are continually refreshed.
- Children from Reception onwards have a home reading record. The parent/carer records comments to share with the adults in school and the adults will write in this on a regular basis to ensure communication between home and school.
- As the children progress through the school, they are encouraged to write their own comments and keep a list of the books/authors that they have read.
- There are fortnightly reading assemblies where the reading leader raises the profile of reading and shares books with children.
- At breaktimes the children have access to the outdoor "reading room" where they can relax with a book.

- In KS2 Children are encouraged to keep vocabulary bookmarks where they record words or phrases that they come across while reading so that they can use these in their writing.
- Regularly encouraging to share their favourite books for example in Reception and KS1 children through 'book votes'.
- Sharing with the children books staff are reading so they see the adults around them as readers.
- Celebrating book awards such as 'The Blue Peter Book Awards' and 'The Lollies' the 'CILIP Carnegie and Kate Greenaway Children's book Awards' to provide children with a bank of the most recent quality children's books.

To ensure that children are exposed to a range of books we have a 'Reading Cannon' which is a collection of books that we consider to be essential. These books have been selected because of their diverse nature – exposing our children to cultures that they might not otherwise experience, their cultural capital – helping them to understand cultural references and broadening their horizons.

Impact

Assessment

Assessment is used to monitor progress and to identify any child needing additional support as soon as they need it.

- Assessment for learning is used:
 - daily within class to identify children needing Keep-up support
 - weekly in the Review lesson to assess gaps, address these immediately and secure fluency of GPCs, words and spellings.
- Summative assessment is used:
 - every six weeks to assess progress, to identify gaps in learning that need to be addressed, to identify any children needing additional support and to plan the Keepup support that they need.
 - by SLT and scrutinised through the Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised assessment tracker, to narrow attainment gaps between different groups of children and so that any additional support for teachers can be put into place.
- The Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised placement assessment is used:
 - with any child new to the school to quickly identify any gaps in their phonic knowledge and plan provide appropriate extra teaching.

Statutory assessment

- Children in Year 1 sit the Phonics screening check. Any child not passing the check re-sits it in Year 2.
- Children in Year 2 and 6 complete a reading SAT

Ongoing assessment for catch-up

Children in Year 2 to 6 are assessed through:

• their teacher's ongoing formative assessment

- the Little Wandle Letters and Sounds placement assessment (for those not yet secure with phonics)
- STAR reding half-termly placement assessments (which provide a ZPD and reading age)
- 3x per year Rising Star reading test.

As a result:

- Children at Osbournby talk enthusiastically reading.
- Children enjoy protected story time each day.
- Children are able to use their reading skills across the curriculum.
- Regular and ongoing assessment informs teaching, as well as intervention, to support and enable the success of each child. These factors ensure that we are able to maintain high standards.